

Kinetic Vlasov-Poisson Simulations of Ion Acoustic Waves

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Introduction

1D1V Vlasov-Poisson equations for two species:

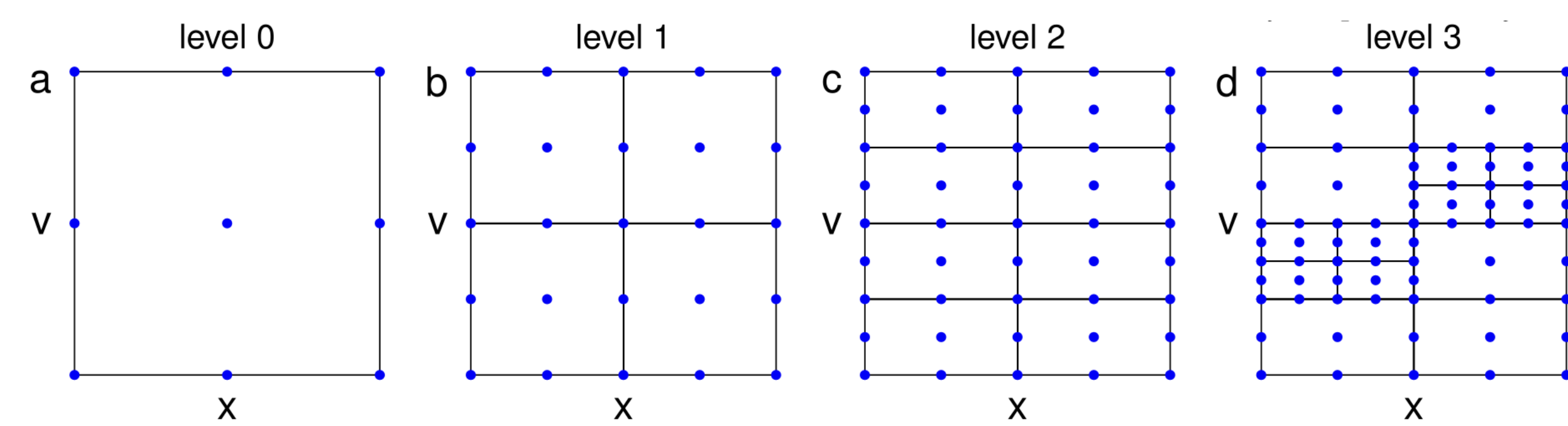
$$\begin{aligned} \partial_t f^e + v_e \partial_x f^e + \frac{q^e E}{m_e} \partial_v f^e &= 0, \quad \partial_t f^i + v_i \partial_x f^i + \frac{q^i E}{m_i} \partial_v f^i = 0 \\ E &= -\partial_x \phi, \quad -\partial_x^2 \phi = \rho \\ \rho(x, t) &= q^e \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f^e(x, v, t) dv + q^i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f^i(x, v, t) dv \end{aligned}$$

- $f^e(x, v, t)$: electron distribution function in $[0, L] \times [-v_{\max}^e, v_{\max}^e]$
- $f^i(x, v, t)$: ion distribution function in $[0, L] \times [-v_{\max}^i, v_{\max}^i]$
- $E(x, t)$: electric field
- $\phi(x, t)$: electric potential
- $\rho(x, t)$: charge density

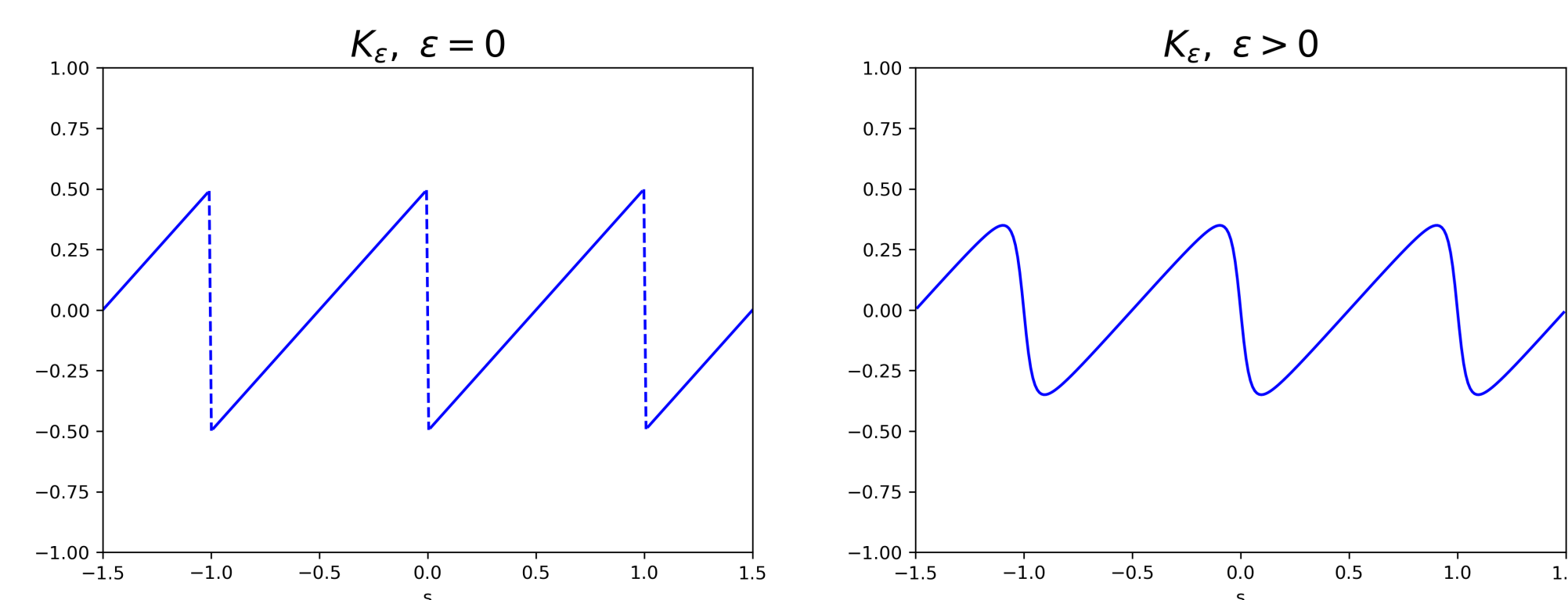
Charge neutrality (periodic BCs): $\int_0^L \rho(x, t) dx = 0$

Numerical Method : FARSIGHT [1]

- Phase space distribution: quadrilateral panels with 3×3 particle grid



- $x'_i(t) = v_i(t)$, $v'_i(t) = qE(x_i, t) = -q^2 \sum_{j=1}^N K_e(x_i, x_j) f_{0j} \Delta x_{0j} \Delta v_{0j} \omega_j$
- 4th order Runge-Kutta
- Forward semi-Lagrangian - remesh: biquadratic interpolation on panels
- AMR criterion: $\max_{i=1:9} f_i - \min_{i=1:9} f_i > \epsilon$
- Barycentric Lagrange Treecode (BLTC): $O(N^2) \rightarrow O(N \log N)$ [2]
- GPU-accelerated: OpenACC version

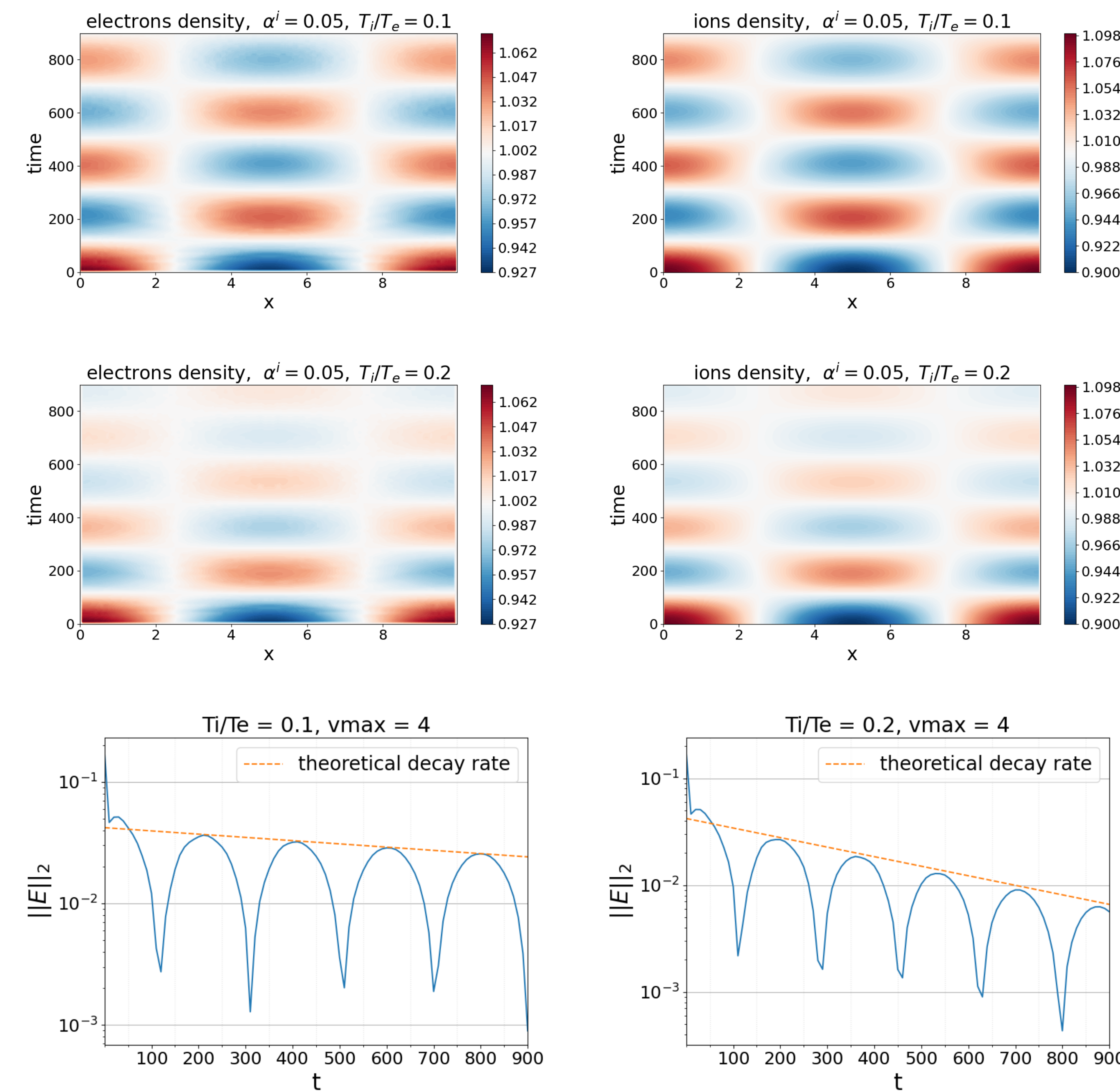


Maxwellian distributions are used for both electrons and ions in the following ion-acoustic wave simulations:

$$f^s = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} v_{th,s}} \exp\left(-\frac{(v - v_s)^2}{2v_{th,s}^2}\right) (1 + \alpha^s \cos(kx))$$

Ion Acoustic Waves

Charge density for different ion-electron temperature ratios:

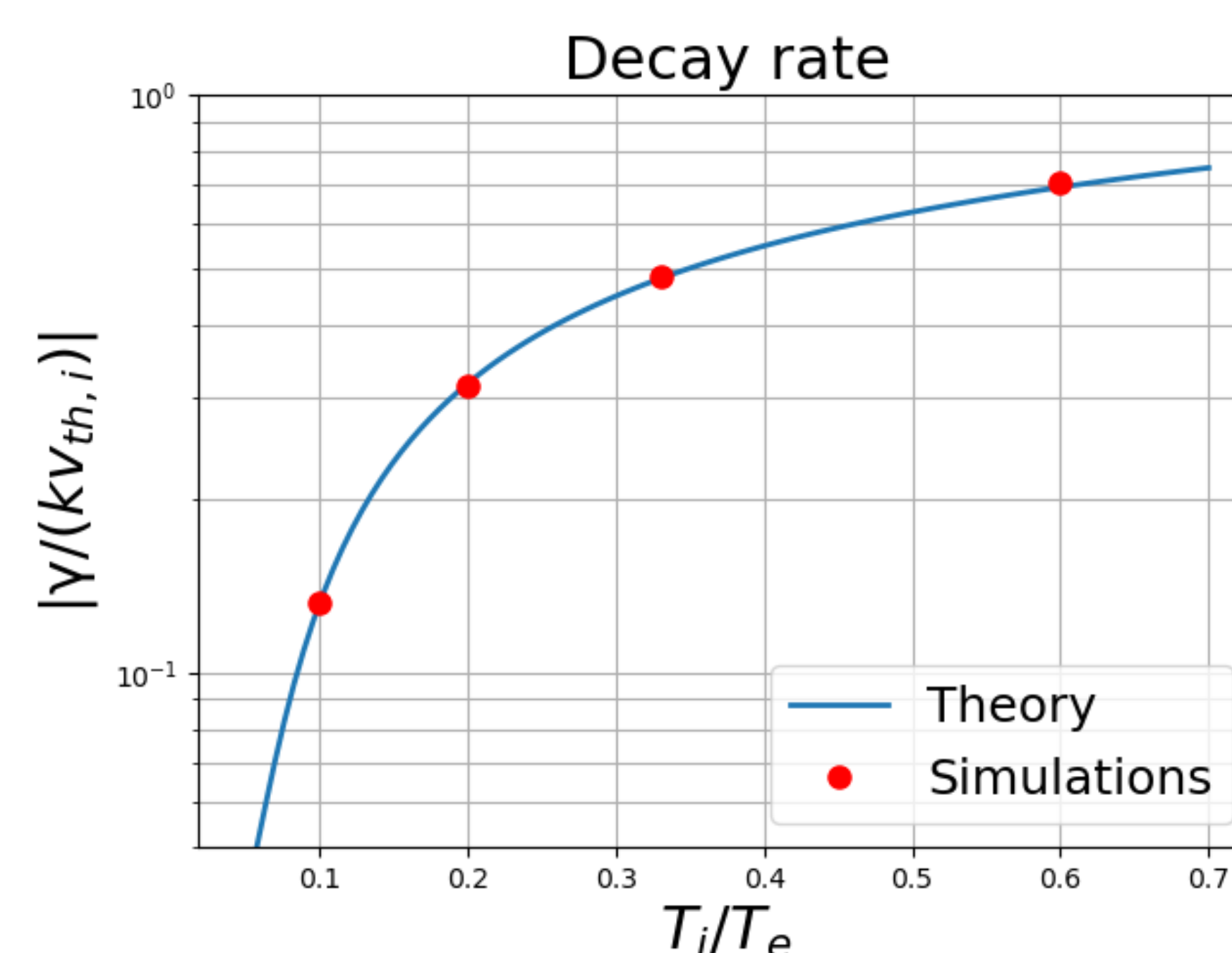


Dispersion Relation

The dispersion relation for ion-acoustic waves, accounting for kinetic effects of both electrons and ions [3], is

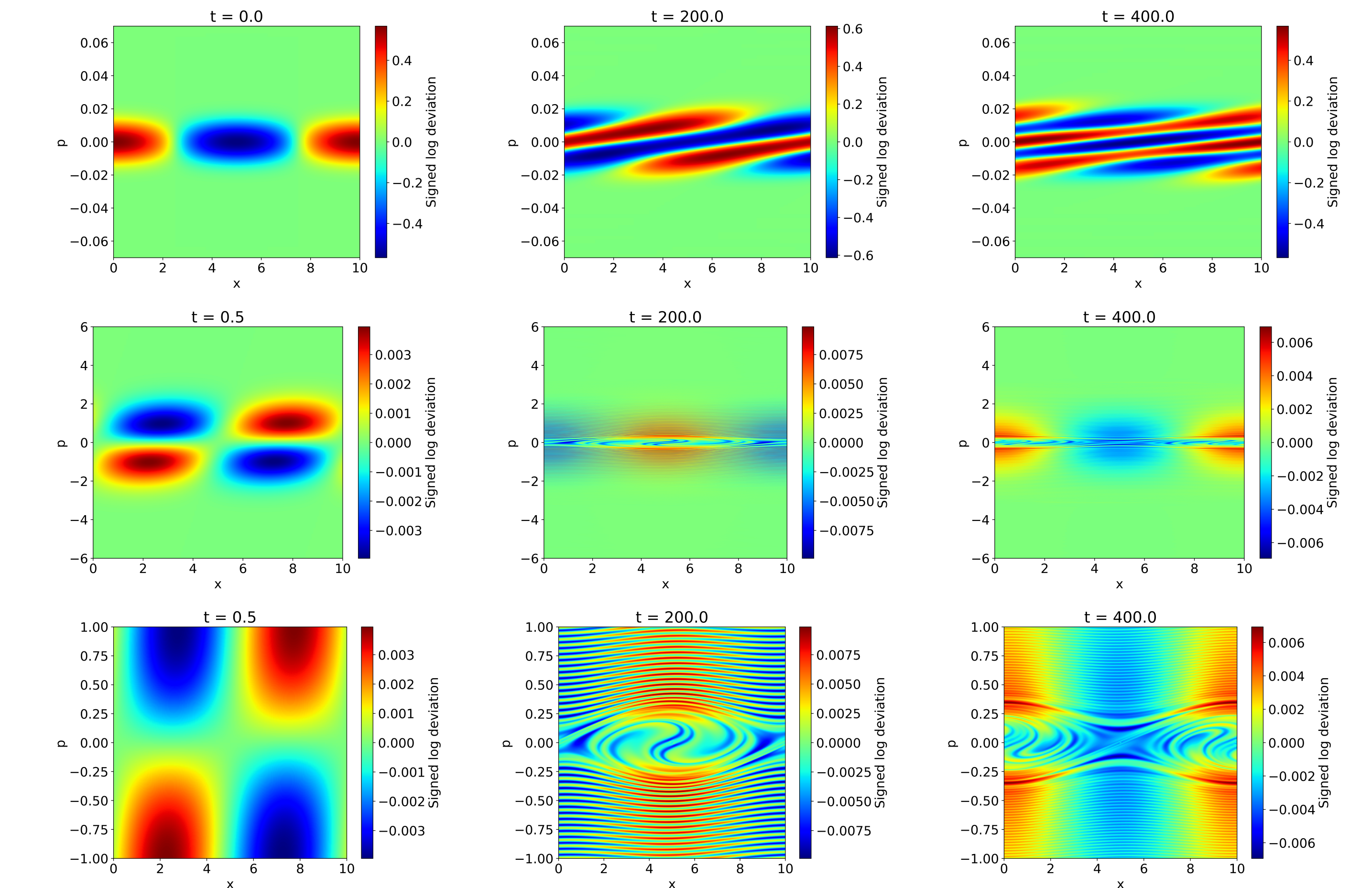
$$D(k, p) = 1 - \frac{1}{(k\lambda_{De})^2} \frac{1}{2} \left[Z'(\xi_e) + \frac{T_e}{T_i} Z'(\xi_i) \right] = 0, \quad \xi_s = \sqrt{\frac{m_s}{2\kappa T_s}} \frac{ip}{k}, \quad p = \gamma - i\omega.$$

Z is the plasma dispersion function.



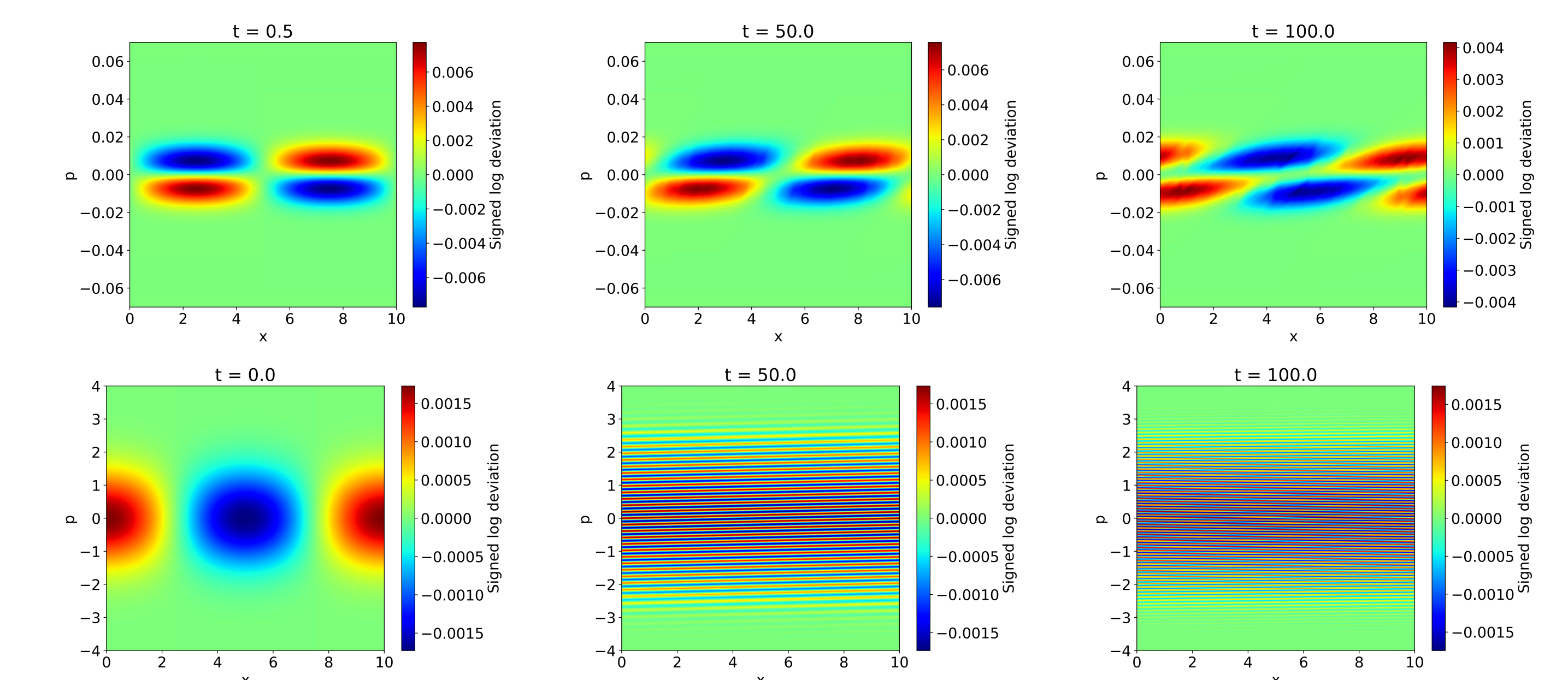
Phase Space with ion perturbation

Plotting $\log(|f(x, v, t) - f_M(v; v_{th})|)$ in phase space for ions(1st row) and electrons(2nd row):



Phase Space with electron perturbation

ions(1st row) and electrons(2nd row):



Future Work

- 1D2V Vlasov-Maxwell
- 2D resistive MHD code

References

- [1] R. Krasny R. T. Sandberg and A. G. Thomas. The FARSIGHT vlasov-poisson code. *Journal of Computational Physics*, 523:113664, 2025.
- [2] R. Krasny L. Wang and S. Tlupova. A kernel-independent treecode based on barycentric lagrange interpolation. *Communications in Computational Physics*, 28(4):1415–1436, 2020.
- [3] Donald A. Gurnett and Amitava Bhattacharjee. *Introduction to Plasma Physics: With Space, Laboratory and Astrophysical Applications*. Cambridge University Press, 2 edition, 2017.